Food and Drug Administration, HHS

developers other than Federal agencies.

(c) Maintain records disclosing the course of development of the proposed standard, the comments and other information submitted by a person in connection with such development (including comments and information regarding the need for a standard), and such other information as may be required to evaluate the standard.

[45 FR 7484, Feb. 1, 1980, as amended at 57 FR 58405, Dec. 10, 1992]

§861.34 Amendment or revocation of a standard.

- (a) The Food and Drug Administration will provide for periodic evaluation of performance standards to determine whether such standards should be changed to reflect new medical, scintific, or other technological data.
- (b) The Food and Drug Administration may, on its own initiative or upon petition of an interested party, amend or revoke by regulation a standard established under this part.
- (c) Any petition to amend or revoke a standard shall:
- (1) Identify the specific device and standard for which the amendment or revocation is sought; and
- (2) Be submitted in accordance with the requirements of §10.30.
- (d) Proceedings to amend or revoke a performance standard shall be conducted in accordance with the rule-making procedures of §10.40. In addition, a notice of proposed rulemaking to amend or revoke a standard shall set forth proposed findings with respect to the degree of risk or illness to be eliminated or reduced and the benefit the public will derive from the proposed amendment or revocation.

§861.36 Effective dates.

- (a) A regulation establishing, amending, or revoking a performance standard will set forth the date upon which it will take effect. To the extent practical, consistent with the public health and safety, such effective date will be established so as to minimize economic loss to, and disruption or dislocation of, domestic and international trade.
- (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this section, no regulation establishing, amending, or revoking a stand-

ard may take effect before 1 year after the date of its publication unless:

- (1) The Food and Drug Administration determines that an earlier effective date is necessary to protect the public health and safety; or
- (2) The standard has been established for a device that, by the effective date of the standard, has been reclassified from class III to class II.
- (c) The Food and Drug Administration may declare a proposed regulation amending a standard effective on publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER if it determines that making the regulation so effective is in the public interest. A proposed amendment of a performance standard made effective upon publication may not prohibit the introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of a device that conforms to the standard without the change or changes provided in the proposed amendment until the effective date of any final action on the proposal.

[45 FR 7484, Feb. 1, 1980, as amended at 57 FR 58405, Dec. 10, 1992]

§861.38 Standards advisory committees.

- (a) The Food and Drug Administration will establish advisory committees to which proposed regulations may be referred, and these committees shall consider such referrals in accordance with this section and part 14 of this chapter. Such advisory committees, which may not be classification panels, shall be considered ad hoc advisory committees. Their members shall be selected in accordance with §§ 14.82 and 14.84, except that no member may be a regular full-time FDA employee. Each advisory committee established under this section shall include as nonvoting members a representative of consumer interests and a representative of interests of the device manufacturing industry.
- (b) A proposed regulation to establish, amend, or revoke a performance standard shall be referred to an advisory committee for a report and recommendation with respect to any matter involved in the proposed regulation which requires the exercise of scientific judgment if:

Pt. 862

- (1) The Food and Drug Administration determines that such referral is necessary or appropriate under the circumstances: or
- (2) Requested by an interested person, in the form of a citizen petition in accordance with §10.30 of this chapter, which is made within the period provided for comment on the proposed regulation and which demonstrates good cause for referral.
- (c) When a proposed regulation is referred to an advisory committee, the Food and Drug Administration will furnish the committee with the data and information upon which the proposed regulation is based. After independently reviewing the materials furnished by the Food and Drug Administration and any other available data and information, the advisory committee shall, within 60 days of the referral, submit a report and recommendation on the proposed regulation, together with all underlying data and information and a statement of the reason or basis for the recommendation. A copy of the report and recommendation will be publicly displayed in the office of the Dockets Management Branch, Food and Drug Administration.
- (d) Where appropriate, each proposed regulation establishing a standard published in the FEDERAL REGISTER will include a call for nominations to the advisory committee for that particular standard.

[45 FR 7484, Feb. 1, 1980, as amended at 57 FR 58405, Dec. 10, 19921

PART 862—CLINICAL CHEMISTRY AND CLINICAL TOXICOLOGY **DEVICES**

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

862.1 Scope.

862.2 Regulation of calibrators.

862.3 Effective dates of requirement for premarket approval.

862.9 Limitations of exemptions from section 510(k) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (the act).

Subpart B—Clinical Chemistry Test Systems

862.1020 Acid phosphatase (total or prostatic) test system.

- 862 1025 Adrenocorticotropic hormone (ACTH) test system.
- 862.1030 Alanine amino transferase (ALT/ SGPT) test system.

862.1035 Albumin test system.

862.1040 Aldolase test system.

862.1045 Aldosterone test system.

862.1050 Alkaline phosphatase or isoenzymes test system.

862.1060 Delta-aminolevulinic acid test system.

862.1065 Ammonia test system.

862.1070 Amylase test system.

862.1075 Androstenedione test system.

862.1080 Androsterone test system.

862.1085 Angiotensin I and renin test system.

862 1090 Angiotensin converting enzyme (A.C.E.) test system.

862.1095 Ascorbic acid test system.

Aspartate amino transferase (AST/ 862 1100 SGOT) test system.

862.1110 Bilirubin (total or direct) test system.

862.1113 Bilirubin (total and unbound) in the neonate test system.

862.1115 Urinary bilirubin and its conjugates (nonquantitative) test system.

862.1117 B-type natriuretic peptide test system.

862.1118 Biotinidase test system.

862.1120 Blood gases (Pco2Po2) and blood pH test system.

862.1130 Blood volume test system.

862.1135 C-peptides of proinsulin test system.

862.1140 Calcitonin test system.

862 1145 Calcium test system.

862.1150 Calibrator.

862.1155 Human chorionic gonadotropin (HCG) test system.

862.1160 Bicarbonate/carbon dioxide test system.

862.1165 Catecholamines (total) test system.

862.1170 Chloride test system.

862.1175 Cholesterol (total) test system.

862.1177 Cholylglycine test system.

862.1180 Chymotrypsin test system.

862.1185 Compound S (11-deoxycortisol) test system.

862.1187 Conjugated sulfolithocholic acid (SLCG) test system.

862.1190 Copper test system.

862.1195 Corticoids test system.

Corticosterone test system. 862.1200

862.1205 Cortisol (hydrocortisone and hydroxycorticosterone) test system.

862.1210 Creatine test system.

862,1215 Creatine phosphokinase/creatine kinase or isoenzymes test system.

862.1225 Creatinine test system.

862.1230 Cyclic AMP test system.

862.1240 Cystine test system.

862.1245 Dehydroepiandrosterone (free and sulfate) test system.

862.1250 Desoxycorticosterone test system.